

Problem set 12 (due June 16)

1. Consider a square loop of length $4L$ with current I and magnetic dipole moment $\vec{\mu}$. The magnetic dipole moment makes an angle θ_1 with the positive z -axis.
 - (a) (0.5pt) Does the angle θ_1 increase or decrease when a uniform magnetic field \vec{B} pointing in the \hat{z} direction is turned on?
 - (b) (1.5pt) Compute the work done by the magnetic field \vec{B} as the loop rotates from θ_1 to θ_2
 - (c) (1.5pt) Use the expression above to find an expression for the potential energy of the loop in terms of the magnetic dipole moment.
 - (d) (0.5pt) How does this expression compare to the potential energy of an electric dipole in the presence of a uniform electric field?
2. Consider a square loop on the xy -plane with current I flowing clockwise. The corners of the loop are located at $(0, 0)$, $(0, L)$, $(L, 0)$, and (L, L) . There is a nonuniform magnetic field that is given by

$$\vec{B} = \frac{B_0 z}{L} \hat{y} + \frac{B_0 y}{L} \hat{z}$$

where B_0 is a positive constant.

- (a) (1pt) Sketch the magnetic field lines in the yz -plane
 - (b) (1.5pt) Find the magnitude and direction of the magnetic force exerted on each side of the loop
 - (c) (0.5pt) Find the magnitude and direction of the net magnetic force on the loop
3. Consider a long straight wire of radius R along the z -axis. The wire carries a current I (directed towards the positive z -axis) that is distributed uniformly over its cross-section.
 - (a) (1.5pt) Use Ampere's law to find the magnetic field at a radius r inside the wire.
 - (b) (1pt) Use Ampere's law to find the magnetic field at a radius r outside the wire.
 - (c) (0.5pt) Plot the magnitude of the magnetic field as a function of r